



# SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD

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## Hancock Elementary School

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### What Is a School Accountability Report Card?

Since November 1988, state law has required all public schools to prepare and distribute annually a School Accountability Report Card (SARC). The purpose of the report card is to provide parents and the community with important information about the performance and condition of each California public school. The SARC can also be an effective way for a school to report the progress it has made toward achieving its goals. In addition, the public may use the SARC to evaluate and compare schools throughout the state on a variety of indicators.

More information about SARC requirements is available on the SARC Web page:

[www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/](http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/)

Additional copies of this SARC may be obtained from the school office or from the district's SARC Web site:

[studata.sandi.net/research/sarcs/](http://studata.sandi.net/research/sarcs/)

### School Description and Mission Statement

Welcome to Hancock Elementary School. Hancock is located in the Murphy Canyon military housing complex in the suburb of Tierrasanta. Our children come to us with a wealth of experiences from all across the United States and some foreign countries. We have a diverse student population, and our students are tolerant and accepting of others. We expect our students to be responsible learners who use strategies for learning and problem solving. In 2008–09 our staff includes 36 well-qualified and dedicated classroom teachers who work diligently to support students in developing their knowledge across content areas. Our staff works closely with parents and the community to provide a positive and challenging learning environment where all children will be successful. Hancock School's mission is to promote high academic achievement in a nurturing and supportive learning environment.

Hancock School met all of the Annual Yearly Progress (AYP) criteria schoolwide and for each subgroup in language arts and math on the annual California Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Program. We will continue to strive to raise the achievement level for all students and to close the achievement gap for students who are performing below grade-level standards.

Hancock has a partnership agreement with the Toby Wells YMCA to provide a swimming, gymnastics, and soccer instruction to the Hancock students during the 2008–09 school year.

### Opportunities for Parent Involvement

We are committed to communicating with and engaging parents as partners in their children's education. The district has adopted *Parent Communications and Involvement Standards*, which clearly describe expectations for parent communications and involvement at the district, school, classroom, and home levels. We are also committed to obtaining community resources for our school and invite all members of our community to assist us in the education of our students.

Parents have many opportunities to be involved at their children's school site (for example, governance committees, special events, fundraising events, parent organizations, and in classrooms) and at the district level (for example, district councils/committees, Parent University, and special events). We encourage parents to support their children at home by making their expectations about school clear and creating a positive homework and learning environment.

We at Hancock are committed to obtaining community resources for our school and invite all constituencies to assist us in the education of our students.

Hancock has an active volunteer program. Parents volunteer as Rolling Readers, as library helpers, and at book fairs, safety drills, school pictures, and field trips. They are involved as decision-making members of the Parent Teacher Association (PTA), School Site Council, and Site Governance Team. The PTA supports our safety patrol and science club. We also have monthly parent coffees.

If you want to get involved, please contact Hancock School at (858) 496-8310.

## DATA AND ACCESS

Most of the data in this SARC are from the 2007–08 school year or the two preceding years (2005–06 and 2006–07). Graduation, dropout, and fiscal data are from 2006–07. When no year is specified, data are from the most recent year available.

Data included in this SARC are consistent with State Board of Education guidelines, available at the California Department of Education Web site: [www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/definitions08.asp](http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/definitions08.asp).

### DataQuest

*DataQuest* is an online data tool (<http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/>) that contains additional information about this school and comparisons of the school to the district, the county, and the state. *DataQuest* is a dynamic system that provides reports for accountability, test results, enrollment, graduates, dropouts, course enrollments, staffing, and data regarding English learners.

### Internet Access

Internet access is available at public libraries and other locations that are publicly accessible (e.g., the California State Library). Access to the Internet at libraries and public locations is generally provided on a first-come, first-served basis. Other use restrictions include the hours of operation, the length of time that a workstation may be used (depending on availability), the types of software programs available on a workstation, and the ability to print documents.

## ABOUT THIS SCHOOL

### Student Enrollment by Grade Level

Grade Level	Enrollment on October 1, 2007
Kindergarten	131
1	142
2	145
3	122
4	132
5	117
TOTAL	789

### Student Enrollment by Group (2007–08)

Student Subgroup	Number of Students	Percentage of Enrollment
African American	164	20.8
Asian	17	2.2
Filipino	37	4.7
Hispanic	162	20.5
Indochinese	2	0.3
Native American	19	2.4
Pacific Islander	24	3.0
White (Not Hispanic)	364	46.1
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	547	69.4
English Learners	54	6.8
Students with Disabilities	99	12.5

### Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution (Elementary)

This table displays the average class size for each grade level and the number of classrooms that fall into each class size category.

Grade Level	2005–06				2006–07				2007–08			
	Avg. Class Size	Number of Classrooms			Avg. Class Size	Number of Classrooms			Avg. Class Size	Number of Classrooms		
		1–20	21–32	33+		1–20	21–32	33+		1–20	21–32	33+
K	20	5	1		21	1	6		18	7		
1	20	4	1		19	6	1		20	6		
2	19	8			23		6		20	7		
3	19	6	1		21	3	4		17	6		
4	32		2	1	34		1	3	30		4	
5	30		2		26		4		26		3	
K–3	19	1			21		1					
4–8	25		1									

## SCHOOL CLIMATE

### School Safety Plan (2007–08)

Last Review/Update: November 2008

Last Discussed with Staff: October 2008

Each school has a Crisis Response Box that includes its state-mandated comprehensive school safety plan. This plan meets the state requirements described in California Education Code Sections 35294–35297. The safety plan includes disaster procedures, procedures for safe entry and exit of students, procedures for serious disciplinary problems, a sexual harassment policy, child abuse reporting procedures, school dress codes, and school discipline policies.

Adult supervision is provided in the classrooms and outside areas before and after school, during recess and lunch, and during passing time between classes. Under the direction of the principal or site administrator, school staff members implement specific school-building security procedures. In addition, district offices support schools by reviewing and disseminating safety requirements and information, coordinating safety-related services, and providing safety training and assistance.

We have a secure, fenced campus. Visitors can only enter the campus through the school office during school hours. Neighbors are alert and do report suspicious activities around the school.

### Suspensions and Expulsions

The following table shows the numbers and rates of suspensions and expulsions. Rates per 100 students are the total number of incidents divided by the school's enrollment for the given year, multiplied by 100. The district comparison rates are the expected rates for the school's enrollment and grade-level composition, based on actual districtwide rates. Because suspension and expulsion rates vary greatly by grade level, and since any given two schools are not likely to have identical enrollment numbers per grade, schools will have different district comparison rates.

Type of Action		2005–06		2006–07		2007–08	
		School	District	School	District	School	District
Suspensions	Number	10	14,420	12	14,738	10	12,803
	Rate per 100 students	1.29	2.93	1.45	2.96	1.27	2.85
Expulsions	Number	0	610	0	394	0	376
	Rate per 100 students	0.00	<0.05	0.00	<0.05	0.00	<0.05

## SCHOOL FACILITIES

### School Facility Conditions and Improvements (2008–09)

Hancock School opened in September 1977. It consists of an administration building, a cafeteria/auditorium and media center, 15 bungalows, and 3 permanent classroom buildings, each of which has 10 open-space classrooms. The permanent buildings are carpeted and air-conditioned, and each has an intrusion alarm. The grounds are safe and well maintained.

At Hancock, improvements from Proposition MM funds have included a lunch-court shelter, interior and exterior painting, flooring and carpeting, improved access for the physically disabled, technology and electrical upgrades, and playground equipment.

## School Facility Good-Repair Status (2008–09)

This table displays the results of the most recently completed school-site inspection to determine the facility’s good-repair status. The data are not comparable with some previous years’ summaries, which cited only “emergency needs.”

Inspection Date: 10/30/2008

Item Inspected	Repair Status			Repair Needed and Action Taken or Planned
	Good	Fair	Poor	
Gas leaks	✓			
Mechanical systems	✓			
Windows/doors/gates (interior and exterior)	✓			door inoperable
Interior surfaces (walls, floors, and ceilings)	✓			
Hazardous materials (interior and exterior)	✓			
Structural damage	✓			dry rot
Fire safety	✓			
Electrical (interior and exterior)		✓		electrical box; phone inoperable; cover J box; diffusers
Pest/vermin infestation	✓			
Drinking fountains (inside and out)	✓			low press
Restrooms			✓	lavatory sinks; faucet leaks
Sewer	✓			
Playground/school grounds	✓			
Roofs	✓			
Overall Cleanliness	✓			

  

	Exemplary	Good	Fair	Poor
Overall Summary		✓		

## TEACHERS

### Teacher Credentials

This table displays the number of teachers assigned to the school who are fully credentialed, who are working without a full credential, and who are credentialed but teaching outside of their subject area of competence. District totals do not include charter schools.

Number of Teachers	School			District
	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08	2007–08
Full credential and teaching in subject area	39	44	43	6392
Full credential but teaching outside subject area	0	0	0	177
Without full credential	1	0	1	756
<b>Total</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>7325</b>

### Teacher Misassignments and Vacant Teacher Positions

This table displays the number of teacher misassignments (teachers assigned without proper legal authorization) and the number of vacant teacher positions (long-term vacancies for which there was no teacher assigned by the twentieth school day of each semester). Total teacher misassignments includes the number of misassignments of teachers of English learners. For 2008, the most current data are reported.

	2006–07		2007–08		2008–09	
	Semester 1	Semester 2	Semester 1	Semester 2	Semester 1	Semester 2
Misassignments of Teachers of English Learners	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
Total Teacher Misassignments	0	0	0	0	0	N/A
Vacant Teacher Positions	0	0	2	0	0	N/A

### Core Academic Courses Taught by Teachers in Compliance with the No Child Left Behind Act (2007–08)

The No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act required all teachers of core academic subjects to be “highly qualified” no later than the end of the 2007–08 school year. In general, NCLB requires that each teacher must have: (1) a bachelor’s degree, (2) a state credential (or an Intern Certificate/Credential for no more than three years), and (3) demonstrated subject-matter competence for each core subject he or she will teach.

This table displays the percentage of classes in core academic subjects taught by NCLB-compliant and non-NCLB-compliant teachers at the school, at all schools in the district, in high-poverty schools in the district, and in low-poverty schools in the district. More information on teacher qualifications required under NCLB can be found at the CDE Web site at [www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/sr/tq/](http://www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/sr/tq/).

Location of Classes	Percentage of Classes in Core Academic Subjects	
	Taught by NCLB-Compliant Teachers	Taught by Non-NCLB-Compliant Teachers
This School	100.	0.0
All Schools in District	97.6	2.4
High-Poverty Schools in District	96.8	3.2
Low-Poverty Schools in District	99.6	0.4

## SUPPORT STAFF

### Academic Counselors and Other Support Staff (2007–08)

This table displays, in units of full-time equivalents (FTE), the number of academic counselors and other support staff who are assigned to the school and the average number of students per academic counselor. One FTE equals one staff member working full time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50 percent of full time.

Title	Number of FTE Assigned to the School	Average Number of Students per Academic Counselor
Academic Counselor	0.0	N/A
Library Media Teacher (Librarian)	0.0	
Library Media Services Staff (paraprofessional)	0.5	
Psychologist	0.6	
Social Worker	0.0	
Nurse	0.2	
Speech/Language/Hearing Specialist	1.4	
Resource Specialist (Non-Teaching)	0.0	
Project Resource Teacher	1.0	

## CURRICULUM AND INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

### Quality, Currency, and Availability of Textbooks and Instructional Materials (2008–09)

The district adopts textbooks and instructional materials based on the implementation cycle established by the state. It provides a sufficient number of standards-aligned textbooks and other instructional materials for all students in the subject areas of English language arts, health, history–social studies, mathematics, science, and world languages. Science laboratory equipment is available to students enrolled in laboratory science courses in Grades 9–12. The following table displays information about the availability of the standards-aligned textbooks and other instructional materials used at the school.

Core Curriculum Area	Percentage of Pupils Who Lack Their Own Assigned Textbooks and Instructional Materials
English Language Arts	0
Health	0
History–Social Studies	0
Mathematics	0
Science	0
Science Laboratory Equipment (Grades 9–12)	0
Visual and Performing Arts	0
World Language	0

### List of Textbooks and Instructional Materials Used in Core Subject Areas (2008–09)

All textbooks and instructional materials come from state or district lists. A list of all textbooks and instructional materials used in the school in the core subjects (English-language arts, mathematics, science, and history-social science), may be found at the end of this document in the appendix entitled Adopted Texts and Instructional Materials.

## SCHOOL FINANCES

### Expenditures per Pupil and School Site Teacher Salaries (Fiscal Year 2006–07)

This table displays a comparison of the school’s per pupil expenditures from unrestricted (basic) sources with other schools in the district and throughout the state, and a comparison of the average teacher salary at the school site with average teacher salaries at the district and state levels. Detailed information regarding school expenditures and teacher salaries can be found at the CDE Web site at [www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/](http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/) and [www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/](http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/).

Level	Total Expenditures Per Pupil	Expenditures Per Pupil (Supplemental)	Expenditures Per Pupil (Basic)	Average Teacher Salary
School Site	\$5,830	\$1,090	\$4,740	\$59,429
District	—	—	\$6,772	\$55,123
Percentage Difference: School Site and District	—	—	-30.0	-5.1
State	—	—	\$5,300	\$65,008
Percentage Difference: School Site and State	—	—	-10.6	-8.6

### Types of Services Funded (2007–08)

The district’s general fund includes monies for:

- General operations—salaries, benefits, services, materials, and support to the general education
- Special Education—programs offering appropriate, individualized instruction to students with special needs
- Targeted Instructional Improvement Program—staff salaries, staff benefits, services, materials, and support for low-achieving students
- School-Based Coordinated Program—staff salaries, staff benefits, services, materials, and support for our lowest performing schools
- Gifted and Talented Education Program—specialized learning assistance for identified students of high ability, achievement, or potential
- Special projects—monies from agencies (federal or state) earmarked for specific programs/projects or services
- Transportation
- Maintenance and operations
- District administration

Each school in the district receives an instructional budget based on enrollment, programs, and formulas set by Board of Education policy, state law, agreements with employee bargaining units, and guidelines of outside funding sources.

### Teacher and Administrative Salaries (Fiscal Year 2006–07)

This table displays district-level salary information for teachers, principals, and the superintendent, and compares these figures to the state averages for districts of the same type and size. The table also displays teachers and administrative salaries as a percentage of a district’s budget, and compares these figures to the state averages for districts of the same type and size. Detailed information regarding salaries may be found at the CDE Web site at [www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/](http://www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/).

	District Amount	Statewide Average for Districts in Same Category
Beginning Teacher Salary	\$37,790	\$40,721
Mid-Range Teacher Salary	\$57,422	\$65,190
Highest Teacher Salary	\$76,834	\$84,151
Average Principal Salary (Elementary School Level)	\$104,884	\$104,476
Average Principal Salary (Middle School Level)	\$106,912	\$108,527
Average Principal Salary (High School Level)	\$112,437	\$119,210
Superintendent Salary	\$273,706	\$210,769
Percentage of Budget for Teachers’ Salaries	37.2%	39.9%
Percentage of Budget for Administrative Salaries	5.0%	5.5%

## STUDENT PERFORMANCE

### Standardized Testing and Reporting

Through the California Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Program, students in Grades 2–11 are tested annually in various subject areas. In the 2007–08 school year, the STAR program included the California Standards Tests (CST) and a norm-referenced test. School districts are not required to report results of the norm-referenced test in this year’s SARC.

To protect student privacy, “—” is used in the following tables instead of the percentage when the number of students tested is 10 or less in that category. Data for migrant education services are not available.

## California Standards Tests

The CST shows how well students are doing in relation to state content standards. The CST tests English language arts and mathematics (Grades 2–11), grade-level science (Grades 5, 8, and 10), end-of-course science (Grades 9, 10, and 11), and history–social science (Grades 8, 10, and 11). Student scores are reported as performance levels: Advanced (exceeds state standards), Proficient (meets state standards), Basic (approaching state standards), Below Basic (below state standards), and Far Below Basic (well below state standards). Students scoring at the Proficient and Advanced levels have met state standards in that content area. Students with significant cognitive disabilities who are unable to take the CST are tested using the California Alternate Performance Assessment (CAPA). Statewide data are rounded to the nearest percentage point. Detailed information regarding CST and CAPA results can be found at the CDE Web site at [star.cde.ca.gov](http://star.cde.ca.gov).

The following tables show the percentage of students achieving the Proficient or Advanced levels (meeting or exceeding state standards):

### CST – English Language Arts

Grade Level	School			District			State		
	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08
2	47.9	57.6	54.3	49.1	49.9	49.8	47	48	48
3	36.7	36.7	49.6	38.8	39.8	41.1	36	37	38
4	51.3	45.7	52.8	52.3	53.2	56.9	49	51	55
5	43.1	44.1	60.0	45.3	46.7	49.6	43	44	48

### CST – Mathematics

Grade Level	School			District			State		
	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08
2	57.4	59.1	67.9	62.4	61.2	62.5	59	59	59
3	53.6	46.0	69.6	61.1	60.5	62.5	58	58	61
4	47.8	40.2	53.5	54.9	56.5	61.2	54	56	61
5	43.1	51.6	52.2	50.9	49.6	52.5	48	49	51

### CST – Grade-Level Science

Grade Level	School			District			State		
	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08
5	18.8	34.4	51.3	32.9	38.4	46.5	32	37	46

### 2007–08 CST Subgroups – English Language Arts

Grade Level	Gender		English Learner?		Economically Disadvantaged?		Students with Disabilities?	
	Male	Female	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
2	48.3	59.2	—	56.1	49.5	65.8	21.7	61.3
3	42.9	57.7	—	50.9	44.6	62.5	21.4	53.5
4	50.7	55.6	—	54.6	51.1	57.1	12.5	62.1
5	55.6	63.9	—	61.3	56.0	67.5	20.0	66.0

### 2007–08 CST Subgroups – Mathematics

Grade Level	Gender		English Learner?		Economically Disadvantaged?		Students with Disabilities?	
	Male	Female	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
2	70.0	66.2	—	68.8	64.5	76.3	41.7	73.8
3	69.8	69.2	—	70.9	63.9	84.4	35.7	74.3
4	56.2	50.0	—	54.6	48.9	65.7	29.2	59.2
5	53.7	50.8	—	52.3	50.7	55.0	6.7	59.0

### 2007–08 CST Subgroups – Grade-Level Science

Grade Level	Gender		English Learner?		Economically Disadvantaged?		Students with Disabilities?	
	Male	Female	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
5	51.9	50.8	—	52.3	49.3	55.0	20.0	56.0

### 2007–08 CST Racial/Ethnic Groups – English Language Arts

Grade Level	African American	Asian	Filipino	Hispanic	Indochinese	Native American	Pacific Islander	White (Not Hispanic)
2	44.4	—	—	48.1	—	—	—	59.0
3	34.8	—	—	55.6	—	—	—	51.7
4	40.7	—	—	50.0	—	—	—	53.3
5	54.5	—	—	55.6	—	—	—	61.2

### 2007–08 CST Racial/Ethnic Groups – Mathematics

Grade Level	African American	Asian	Filipino	Hispanic	Indochinese	Native American	Pacific Islander	White (Not Hispanic)
2	51.9	—	—	66.7	—	—	—	74.2
3	47.8	—	—	77.8	—	—	—	75.0
4	37.0	—	—	53.8	—	—	—	56.7
5	48.5	—	—	50.0	—	—	—	49.0

### 2007–08 CST Racial/Ethnic Groups – Grade-Level Science

Grade Level	African American	Asian	Filipino	Hispanic	Indochinese	Native American	Pacific Islander	White (Not Hispanic)
5	42.4	—	—	50.0	—	—	—	55.1

### California Physical Fitness Test Results (2007–08)

The California Physical Fitness Test is administered to students in Grades 5, 7, and 9 only. This table displays by grade level the percentage of students meeting fitness standards (scoring in the healthy fitness zone on all six fitness standards) for the most recent testing period. Detailed information regarding this test, and comparisons of a school’s test results to the district and state levels, may be found at the CDE Web site at [www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/pf/](http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/pf/).

Grade Level	Percentage of Students Meeting Fitness Standards
5	8.6

## ACCOUNTABILITY

### Academic Performance Index

The Academic Performance Index (API) is an annual measure of the academic performance and progress of schools in California. API scores range from 200 to 1,000, with a statewide target of 800. Detailed information about the API can be found at the API Web page at [www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ap/](http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ap/).

### API Ranks—Three-Year Comparison

This table displays the school’s statewide and similar-schools API ranks. The statewide API rank ranges from 1 to 10. A statewide rank of 1 means that the school has an API score in the lowest 10 percent of all schools in the state, while a statewide rank of 10 means that the school has an API score in the highest 10 percent of all schools in the state. The similar-schools API rank reflects how a school compares to 100 statistically matched “similar schools.” A similar-schools rank of 1 means that the school’s academic performance is in the lowest 10 percent of the 100 similar schools, while a similar-schools rank of 10 means that the school’s academic performance is in the highest 10 percent of the 100 similar schools.

API Rank	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08
Statewide	6	5	5
Similar Schools	8	5	5

### API Changes by Student Group—Three-Year Comparison

This table displays by student group the actual API changes (growth) in points added or lost for the past three years, and the most recent API score (growth). Note: a blank means that the student group is not numerically significant, “B” means the school did not have a valid 2008 API Base and will not have any growth or target information, and “C” means the school had significant demographic changes and will not have any growth or target information.

Group	Actual API Change			API Score
	2005–06	2006–07	2007–08	2007–08
All Students at the School	-14	15	36	801
African American	0	6	31	751
American Indian or Alaska Native				
Asian				
Filipino				
Hispanic	-17	39	51	799
Indochinese				
Pacific Islander				
White	-29	10	26	807
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	-16	21	26	781
English Learners	—	—		
Students with Disabilities	—	—		610

## Adequate Yearly Progress

The federal NCLB Act requires that all schools and districts meet the following Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) criteria:

- Participation rate on the state’s standards-based assessments in English-language arts (ELA) and mathematics
- Percent proficient on the state’s standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- API as an additional indicator
- Graduation rate (for secondary schools)

Detailed information about AYP, including participation rates and percent proficient results by student group, can be found at the AYP Web page [www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/](http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/).

### AYP Overall and by Criteria (2007–08)

This table displays an indication of whether the school and the district made AYP overall and whether the school and the district met each of the AYP criteria.

AYP Criteria	School	District
Overall	Yes	Yes
Participation Rate—English Language Arts	Yes	Yes
Participation Rate—Mathematics	Yes	Yes
Percentage Proficient—English Language Arts	Yes	Yes
Percentage Proficient—Mathematics	Yes	Yes
API	Yes	Yes
Graduation Rate	N/A	Yes

### Federal Intervention Program (2008–09)

Schools that receive Title I funding must enter federal Program Improvement (PI) if they do not make AYP for two consecutive years in the same content area (English language arts or mathematics) or on the same indicator (API or graduation rate). After entering PI, schools and districts advance to the next level of intervention with each additional year that they do not make AYP. Detailed information about PI identification can be found at the CDE Web site at [www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/](http://www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/).

Indicator	School	District
Program Improvement Status	Not in PI	Not in PI
First Year of Program Improvement		—
Year in Program Improvement		—
Number of Schools Currently in Program Improvement	—	55
Percentage of Schools Currently in Program Improvement	—	25.8

## SCHOOL COMPLETION AND POSTSECONDARY PREPARATION (SECONDARY SCHOOLS)

This section does not apply to this school

## INSTRUCTIONAL PLANNING AND SCHEDULING

### Professional Development

Through the district’s educational strategies, the Curriculum and Instruction Division has engaged teachers and administrators in ongoing professional development to improve teaching and learning in the areas of literacy, mathematics, science, history–social studies, visual and performing arts, physical education, health, educational technology, and gifted and talented education. Each year, principals identify a schoolwide professional development focus, as well as determine areas of individual need. Throughout the year, principals conduct large- and small-group staff conferences and coach teachers at the school site to improve instructional practice. Teachers in the district participated in a total of three mandatory staff development days in each of the last four school years. These days focused primarily on school-based professional learning in relation to the school’s needs.

## APPENDIX: ADOPTED TEXTS AND INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS

Subject Area	Grade Level	Instructional Material or Textbook	Adoption Year
English Language Arts	K-6	<i>A Legacy of Literacy</i> , Houghton Mifflin	2002-03
Health	K-6	<i>Harcourt Health and Fitness</i> , Harcourt School Publishers	2006-07
Health	6-8	<i>California Health and Wellness</i> , Macmillan McGraw-Hill	2006-07
History-Social Studies	K-6	<i>California Reflections</i> , Harcourt School Publishers	2007-08
Mathematics	K-6	<i>Harcourt Math</i> , Harcourt School Publishers	2002-03
Science	K-5	<i>Harcourt Science</i> , Harcourt School Publishers	2001-02
Science	K-6	<i>Full Option Science System (FOSS)</i> , Delta Education	2008-09
Visual & Performing Arts	K-6	<i>Making Music</i> , Silver Burdett	2008-09
Visual & Performing Arts	K-5	<i>Portfolios: A State of the Art Program</i> , Barrett Kendall	1998-99