
STUDENTS WITH FINANCIAL NEED MAY 2010

District staff, district and non-district researchers and evaluators, and local and state agencies often require summary data about students from low-income families. District staff members use these data for Title I¹ and other need-based allocations, grant proposals, evaluations of student achievement, and selection of schools for study samples. Agencies use these data to document community needs, as well as to report on the progress of these students. One measure of economic need is being certified eligible² for free or reduced-price meals; the percentage of students within a school who meet the eligibility criteria is often used as the school-based measure.

This report describes students with financial need at all district schools, including charters. Data are disaggregated by school type, grade level, English language proficiency status, and race/ethnicity. The report also analyzes the impact of Provision 2 schools on district numbers. School level data are included in the appendix. Data in this report should only be used in ways that do not stigmatize students and families.

Background

Before 1991–92, students had to apply to be certified as eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals. Consequently, there were undercounts due to the complexity of the application process, lack of knowledge, and the perceived social stigma attached to receiving free or reduced-price meals. Since that time, state and federal agencies have introduced additional ways to certify meal-eligible students. Starting in 1991–92, San Diego Unified School District (SDUSD) has provided student data electronically to the San Diego County Department of Social Services, which matches these data with county data for recipients of food stamps and CalWORKS. The students who match are directly certified as eligible for free or reduced-price meals without having to submit an application, as are students who are homeless, migrant, or runaway. The SDUSD Food Services Department estimated that about eight percent of 2009–10 students

¹ Several measures and counts of economically disadvantaged students are reported by or for the district using free or reduced-price meal data: the Consolidated Application (provided to the California Department of Education showing Title I funding allocations to schools), the Title I Ranking Report (used to set Title I funding levels for schools), state Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) results, and the Students With Financial Need report. Each serves a different purpose, is based on a different point in time, and varies in the method used to identify economically disadvantaged students. Therefore, the numbers of economically disadvantaged students in these reports and summaries do not always agree. This report provides counts and rates for students certified eligible for free or reduced-price meals, taking into consideration federal regulations whereby all students at certain schools are considered eligible for such meals.

² The reported numbers do not show the number of “eligible” students, just the number who have applied and are certified eligible. With the advent of automated certification in 1991–92, the difference between the two narrowed. The difference has been further narrowed with the introduction of the household application in 2004–05.

eligible for free or reduced-price meals would be certified directly.³ All other students apply through their school or qualify based on attending a school with a large proportion of certified eligible students, known as Provision 2 schools. (A discussion of Provision 2 schools can be found on page 7.)

In 2004–05, the free or reduced-price meal application was changed from an individual student to a family application listing all students in a household. This step helped facilitate the identification and certification of secondary-level students who in the past might not have applied because of the perceived social stigma attached to receiving such meals. More recently, the Food Services Department has increased public outreach efforts, including targeting places and events where low-income families might be, such as job fairs. Food Services staff noted an increase in the number of applications received over the past two years, particularly from secondary students and from families applying for the program for the first time. There has also been an increase in the number of Provision 2 schools over time. These schools provide free or reduced-price meals to all students in lieu of processing applications. In keeping with federal guidelines, this report considers all students in Provision 2 schools to be eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals, regardless of students' actual household income levels.

The figures in this report do not represent the percentages of district students whose families would have poverty status under federal guidelines.⁴ Income thresholds are higher for free or reduced-price meals (130 percent of poverty level for free meals, and 185 percent of poverty level for reduced-price meals).⁵ However, eligibility for free or reduced-price lunch is the best available measure of district students who are from economically disadvantaged families. Data in this report should only be used in ways that do not stigmatize students and families.

Findings

Of the 129,204 K–12 students enrolled in the district in May 2010, 62.2 percent (80,403) were certified eligible for free or reduced-price meals, 1.9 percentage points higher than the previous May. Figure 1 shows the percentages of Grade K–12 students certified eligible from 1984 through 2010. Since 2005, the percentage has increased by 8.2 percentage points, from 54.0 to 62.2 percent. Some of this increase may be due to parents becoming more familiar with the

³ San Diego Unified School District Administrative Circular, No. 12, CERTIFICATION OF ELIGIBLE NEEDY STUDENTS FOR FREE OR REDUCED-PRICE MEALS, August 27, 2009.

⁴ Current U.S. Department of Health & Human Services guidelines specify an annual income of \$14,570 as the poverty threshold for a two-member household in the 48 contiguous states. For each additional person, \$3,740 is added to the threshold (Federal Register, Vol. 74, No. 14, January 23, 2009, pp. 4199–4201). Footnote 5 shows that free or reduced-price meal eligibility thresholds are considerably higher than current federal poverty thresholds.

⁵ Students are eligible for free meals based on household size and income under U.S. Department of Agriculture guidelines. Students in a household of two with an annual income of \$18,941 or less are eligible for meals at no cost. For each additional household member, \$4,862 is added to the income requirement. Students in a household of two are eligible for reduced-price meals when the annual income is \$26,955; for each additional household member, \$6,919 is added to the income requirement (Federal Register, Vol. 74, No. 58, March 27, 2009, pp. 13410–13412).

requirements of the family application and the centralization of certification in the Food Services Department. Another element of the increase is that before 2006–07 there was an undercount for seven charter schools that are not served by the district’s Food Services Department. Of course, recent economic and employment conditions have impacted the numbers of eligible students, as do annual adjustments to federal income guidelines.

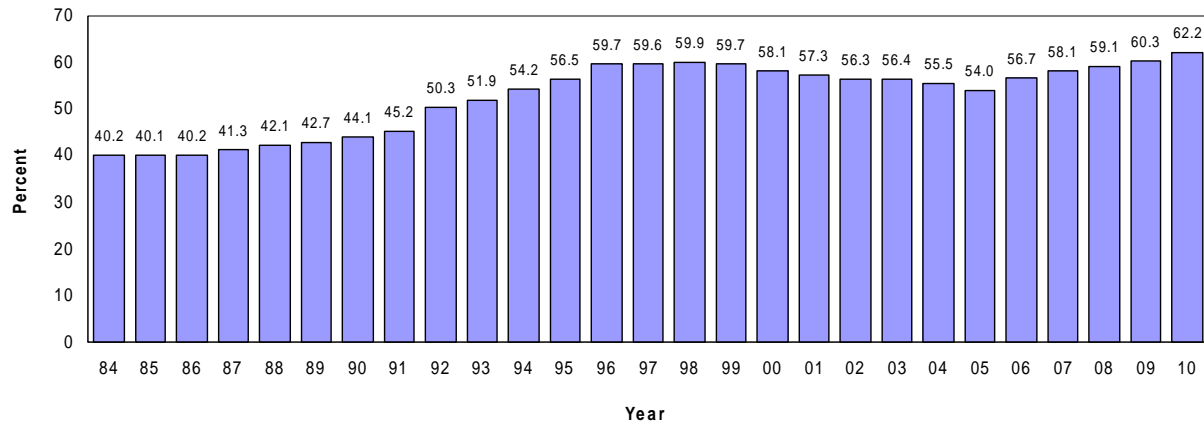


Figure 1. Percentage of students certified eligible for free or reduced-price meals, 1984–2010

The tables in the appendix show the number and percentage of students in each school that were certified eligible for free or reduced-price meals in May 2010. Table 1 displays district data by school type for 1983–84 through 2009–10. Tables 2 and 3 show school data by type of school; schools are listed alphabetically in Table 2 and in rank order of percentage of students certified eligible in Table 3. For comparison purposes, Tables 2 and 3 show each school’s ranking in 2009 and 2010.

School Type. Table 1 in the appendix and Figure 2 below show results by school type configuration: elementary, middle, senior high, atypical grade span, and alternative schools. Similar to results for the district overall, all school types demonstrated an increase in the percentage of students certified eligible when compared to the previous year. Senior high schools had the largest gain with 4.2 percentage points, and middle schools had the smallest with 0.4 percentage points. Atypical schools continued to have the highest proportion of students with economic need (67.7 percent), elementary schools were second with 64.6 percent, and alternative schools were lowest with 55.5 percent certified eligible for free or reduced-price meals.

The patterns of change over time differ somewhat based on school type. Figure 2 presents data from 2004–05 through present. The steady increase in the total percentage of students eligible since 2004–05 is reflected in similar increases for senior high, atypical, and alternative schools. The rates for elementary and middle school students have remained relatively flat. Part of the overall increase may be explained by the family application, as well as additional schools being certified as Provision 2 in recent years. It should also be noted that schools that change type from one year to the next would influence percentages within type but have no effect on the overall total percentages. This was the case with changes that happened between 2007–08 and 2008–09,

when several schools changed school type classification. Elementary schools had a slight percentage decrease to 63.3 percent in 2008–09 (-0.9 of a percentage point) and atypical schools had a large increase to 66.0 percent (+7.4 percentage points). The changes in percentage for these two school types were almost entirely explained by six elementary schools that switched to an atypical grade configuration in 2008–09. At least half of the growth for senior high schools during the same time period was due to the increase in count of certified eligible students achieved when four high schools became Provision 2 schools in 2008–09. Another 6 high schools became Provision 2 in 2009–10.

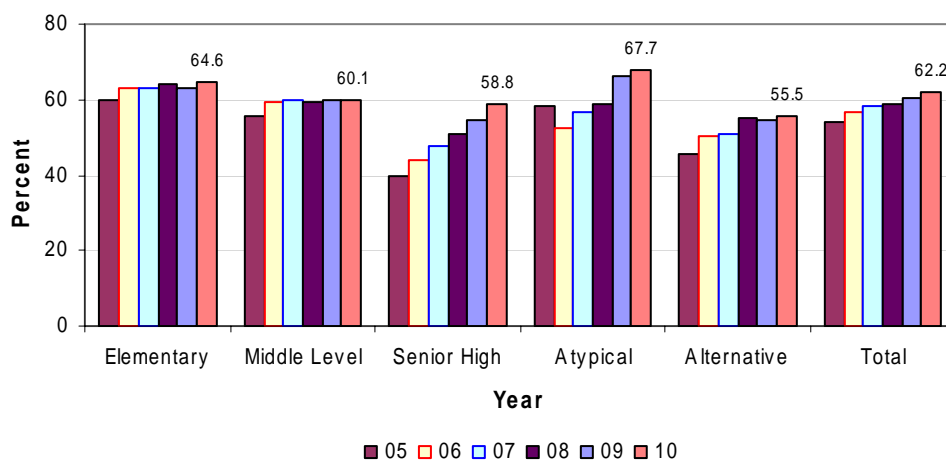


Figure 2. Percentage of students eligible for free or reduced-price meals by school type, 2004–2010

Grade Level. With the exception of alternative schools, school type category is dependent upon the grade levels served. Figure 3 presents the percentage of 2009–10 students eligible for free or reduced-price meals by grade level. Grades 2–5 have the highest eligibility percentages (roughly 65.5 percent), and subsequent grades show a generally declining trend, with the lowest percentages in Grades 11 and 12. The decrease may reflect better financial circumstances for the families of older students, concerns about the perceived social stigma of the program by secondary students, or, perhaps, a higher likelihood of dropping out of school by middle and secondary students from low-income families.⁶

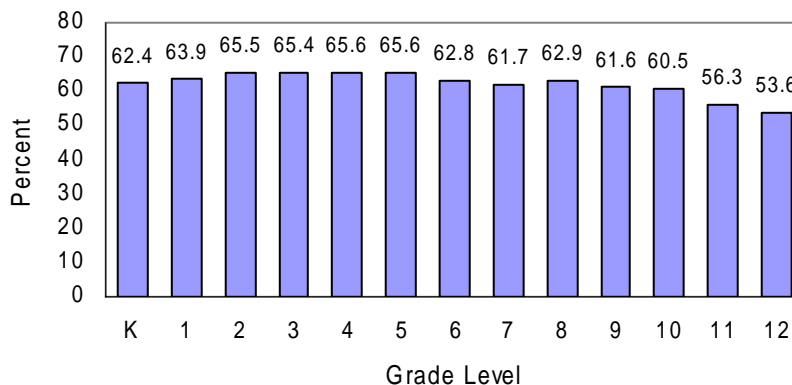


Figure 3. Percentage of students certified eligible for free or reduced-price meals by grade level, 2010

⁶ In 2007-08, Grade 7–12 students eligible for free or reduced-price meals had a dropout rate of 2.1 percent; the rate for students who were not eligible was 1.8 percent. Both of these figures were down from the previous year, which had rates of 4.8 percent and 2.6 percent, respectively. Grade-level rates for eligible students in Grades 9–12 ranged from 2.0 to 4.4 percent. Corresponding rates for non-eligible students ranged from 1.6 to 2.9 percent.

Although this grade-based pattern has persisted over time, 2009–10 marks the first year that all grades had more than 50 percent of their students certified eligible. Stated differently, more than half of all students in every grade are from economically disadvantaged homes, though the distribution of these students varies across schools.

Language Proficiency. Large numbers of English learners and/or students with a linguistically diverse background attend school within SDUSD. Figure 4 presents the percentage of students certified eligible for free or reduced-price lunches within each of four major language proficiency groups: English learners (students not yet proficient in English), reclassified students (former English learners who demonstrated mastery in English and related academic content), initially fluent students (students with a language other than English spoken in the home and who demonstrated English proficiency upon enrollment), and English-only students (students for whom English is the only language spoken in the home). Figure 5 displays the distribution of language proficiency among students who are certified-eligible.

English learners have the highest certification rates (88.7 percent) and account for 38 percent of all certified eligible students in the district. Reclassified students have the next highest rates with 82.1 percent and make up 19 percent of certified eligible students, reflecting their smaller numbers within the district. Although 65 percent of meal-eligible students are from a second-language background, it is important to note that 3 out of 5 economically disadvantaged students are currently proficient in English (i.e., English only, reclassified, or initially fluent).

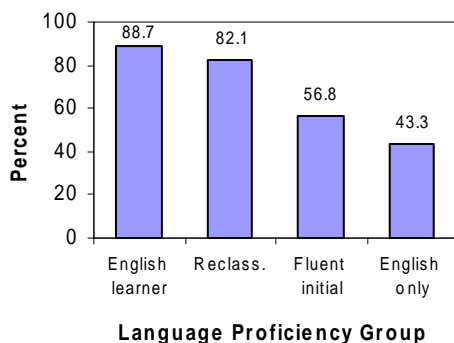


Figure 4. Percentage of students certified eligible for free or reduced-price meals by language proficiency group, 2010

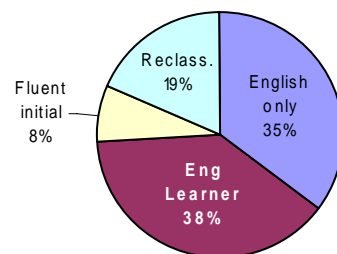


Figure 5. Language proficiency group of students certified eligible for free or reduced-price meals, 2010

*Race/Ethnicity.*⁷ Race/ethnicity is a frequently reported demographic used when describing student populations or presenting achievement data. Economic advantage and disadvantage are strongly associated with student achievement and also with race/ethnicity; however, achievement

⁷ Following new federal guidelines, the district changed the way it collected and reported student ethnicity and race data in 2009–10, resulting in a new racial/ethnic category for multiracial students, and the coding of students with Hispanic/Latino ethnicity as Hispanic regardless of racial categories that may have been selected. Detailed information regarding these changes can be found in the informational brief under special procedures at www.sandi.net/research.

data are typically presented for low-income students as a group, with little information about the racial/ethnic makeup of that group.

The race/ethnicity of certified eligible students is presented in Figure 6. Hispanic students make up the largest proportion (60.8 percent), followed by African American (14.8 percent) and White (8.8 percent). Native American and Pacific Islanders account for the smallest proportion of students in financial need, 0.3 and 0.8 percent respectively, proportions that are roughly equal to their overall representation within the district; other racial/ethnic groups are over- or under-represented. For example, Hispanic students make up 60.8 percent of the certified eligible population but only 45.5 percent of the total district population, whereas White students comprise 8.8 percent of certified eligible students compared to 23.9 percent of the total enrollment (Figure 7).

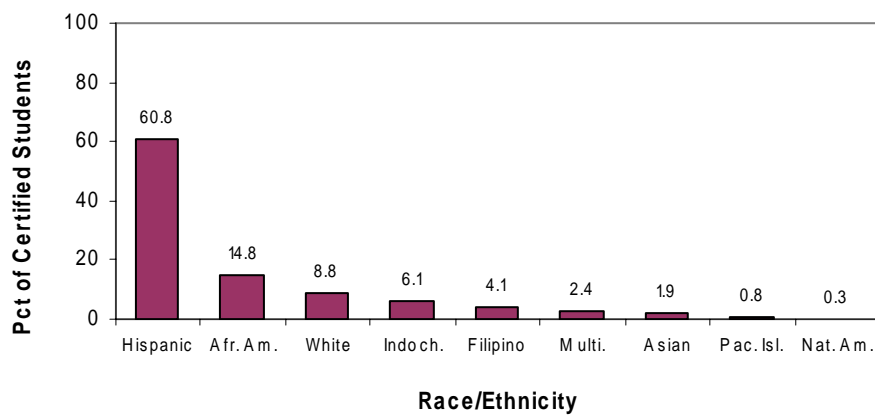


Figure 6. Race/ethnicity of students certified eligible for free or reduced-price meals, 2010

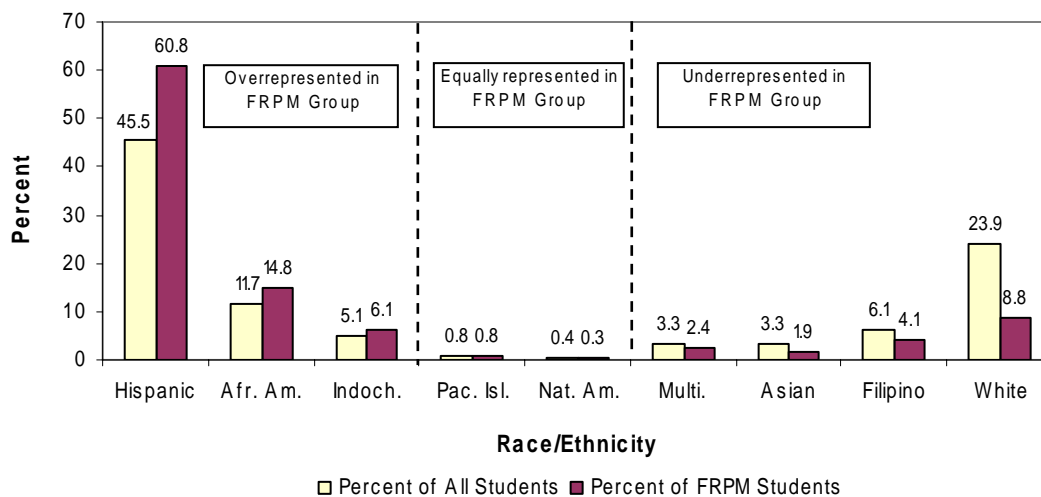


Figure 7. Distribution of race/ethnicity districtwide and among students certified eligible for free or reduced-price meals, 2010

Much of the correlation between race/ethnicity and student achievement may actually derive from these variables' strong association with economic advantage and disadvantage. There are large differences in the percentage of students certified eligible within ethnic/racial groups (Figure 8). Hispanic, African American, and Indochinese students are roughly two to four times as likely to be certified eligible for free or reduced-priced meals as Filipino, Asian, and White students. Eight of every ten Hispanic students are certified eligible compared to two in ten White students.

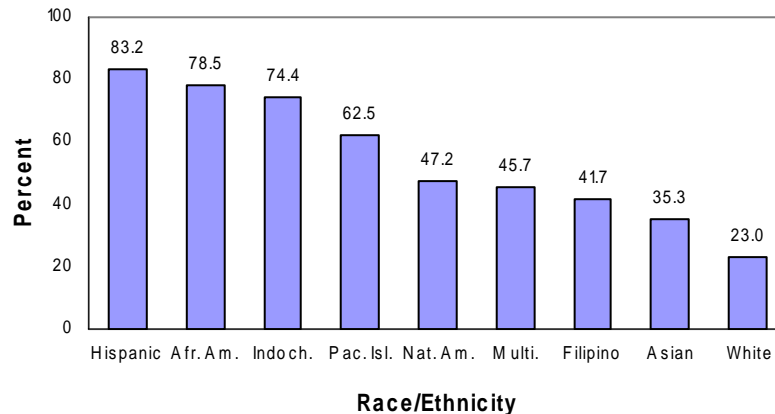


Figure 8. Percentage of students certified eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals by race/ethnicity, 2010

Despite the new federal reporting guidelines for race/ethnicity in 2010, overall patterns and rankings remained stable when compared to the previous year. It should be noted that in 2008 the Indochinese and African American groups switched rankings: the Indochinese group moved from second to third highest and the African American group moved to second highest. Due to the changes in racial/ethnic data collection, any comparisons to previous years must be done with caution. In general, all ethnic groups except for Native American saw an increase in the proportion of students certified eligible, and, of course, a new group of multiracial students was added. Some of the increase may be explained by the addition of Provision 2 schools.

Provision 2 Schools. A school becomes Provision 2 based largely on the percentage of students certified eligible for free and reduced-price lunch during the annual application process. When the percentage becomes substantial, Food Services initiates a “base year” during which applications are still accepted, but free lunches are provided to all students. If sufficient applications are received, the school continues as Provision 2 the following year and the base-year percentage is used to determine reimbursement levels from the federal program. Since students do not submit annual applications after the base year, it is not possible to link individual students to eligibility status once a school becomes Provision 2.

For the purpose of this report, schools are considered Provision 2 once they continue beyond their base year, at which point all students in these schools are considered to be eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals, regardless of actual household income level. This method may unduly influence race/ethnicity and language category counts, since demographics can vary greatly by school.

Although actual proportions can change from year to year, base-year figures are viewed as stable and are the best estimate of economic status of the current student population within these schools. Schools maintain Provision 2 status for at least four years, and may extend for as long as the socioeconomic level of the school's population remains stable. The following table presents base-year information for the 73 district schools that were Provision 2 in 2009–10.

School type	School	Base		School Type	School	Base	
		Year Pct Cert Elig	Base Year			Year Pct Cert Elig	Base Year
Alternative	New Dawn	82.9%	06-07	Elementary (cont)	Joyner	89.3%	07-08
	Riley	82.9%	06-07		Kimbrough	98.0%	98-99
Atypical	Audubon	85.4%	06-07		King/Chavez Arts ⁺	94.4%	96-97
	Carver	87.1%	00-01		King/Chavez Athletics ⁺	94.4%	96-97
	Fulton*	86.5%	08-09		King/Chavez Primary ⁺	94.4%	96-97
	Golden Hill	95.2%	00-01		Linda Vista	98.7%	00-01
	Holly Drive ⁺	86.2%	06-07		Marshall Elementary	88.9%	97-98
	Iftin* ⁺	96.6%	08-09		McGill ⁺	94.4%	03-04
	King/Chavez Acad ⁺	64.9%	02-03		Normal Heights	89.7%	06-07
	KIPP Adelante ⁺	90.3%	06-07		North Park	73.4%	99-00
	Knox	91.9%	05-06		Parks	98.4%	97-98
	Logan	93.2%	97-98		Porter	80.7%	01-02
	Perkins	90.1%	05-06		Rodriguez	94.4%	07-08
	Preuss ⁺	94.5%	98-99		Rowan*	89.1%	08-09
	Promise ⁺	96.0%	06-07		Sherman	89.5%	98-99
Elementary	Adams	81.2%	04-05		Webster	88.7%	06-07
	Baker	88.1%	00-01	Middle Level	Clark	93.7%	98-99
	Balboa	89.5%	02-03		Gompers Middle ⁺	80.0%	05-06
	Bayview Terr*	86.0%	08-09		King/Chavez Preparatory ⁺	94.4%	96-97
	Burbank	96.5%	00-01		Mann	80.3%	03-04
	Carson	86.3%	05-06		Memorial ⁺	84.7%	96-97
	Central	97.9%	96-97		Memorial Preparatory	84.7%	96-97
	Chavez	86.3%	00-01		Montgomery	83.7%	06-07
	Cherokee Point	91.3%	06-07		Wilson	91.1%	96-97
	Chollas/Mead	83.1%	00-01	Senior High	Crawford CHAMPS	91.0%	07-08
	Edison	96.3%	98-99		Crawford IDEA	91.0%	07-08
	Emerson/Bandini	81.4%	05-06		Crawford Law & Business	91.0%	07-08
	Encanto	77.7%	02-03		Crawford Multi & Vis Arts	91.0%	07-08
	Euclid	98.2%	97-98		Hoover	87.5%	96-97
	Fay	94.4%	96-97		Gompers Prep**	80.0%	05-06
	Franklin	82.0%	04-05		Lincoln	76.2%	07-08
	Freese*	87.5%	08-09		San Diego Business	78.9%	08-09
	Garfield*	85.6%	08-09		San Diego Communication	94.0%	08-09
	Hamilton	92.7%	98-99		San Diego International	49.7%	08-09
	Horton	73.5%	00-01		San Diego LEADS	87.4%	08-09
	Ibarra	86.4%	06-07		San Diego MVP Arts	88.9%	08-09
	Jefferson*	84.4%	08-09		San Diego Sci Tech	85.0%	08-09
	Johnson	88.8%	06-07				

⁺ Charter school.

* Became a Provision 2 school in 2009–10.

** School opened as Provision 2 in 2009–10 based on relationship with Gompers Middle.

The actual proportion of students certified eligible in schools' base year has ranged from 49.7 percent (San Diego International High School) to 98.7 percent (Linda Vista Elementary); 37 schools fell in the 80 to 90 percent range, and 31 Provision 2 schools had greater than 90 percent of their student population certified eligible. Given these percentages, it becomes apparent that the increase in the number of Provision 2 schools has impacted the district percentage of low-income students. Moreover, the impact has increased over time as the number of Provision 2 schools has risen from six in 1997–98 to 73 in 2009–10.⁸

When base-year percentages were applied to May 2010 school enrollment counts, the district total percent certified eligible changed from 62.2 percent to 58.6 percent, a reduction of 3.6 percentage points. Percentages by school type also showed a decrease: elementary went from 64.6 to 61.0 percent (-3.6), middle school from 60.1 to 57.5 (-2.6), senior high from 58.8 to 54.4 (-4.4), atypical from 67.7 to 62.9 (-4.8), and alternative schools from 55.5 to 55.1 (-0.4).

Using a single bar to represent each school, Figures 9 through 12 display the distributions of school-based percentages of students certified eligible for free or reduced-price meals by school type. May 2010 percentages are presented for non-Provision 2 schools, whereas the lighter-colored bars represent Provision 2 schools using base-year percentages instead of 100 percent. (Using 100 percent, areas above the lighter-colored bars reaching to 100 would count towards the proportion of students certified eligible and also be shaded.) The variability of schools within the district is readily apparent, as is the potential discrepancy between the base-year and 100 percent methods. Further, these figures reveal the possibility that additional schools will become Provision 2 in the future, particularly those in the upper end of the distributions.

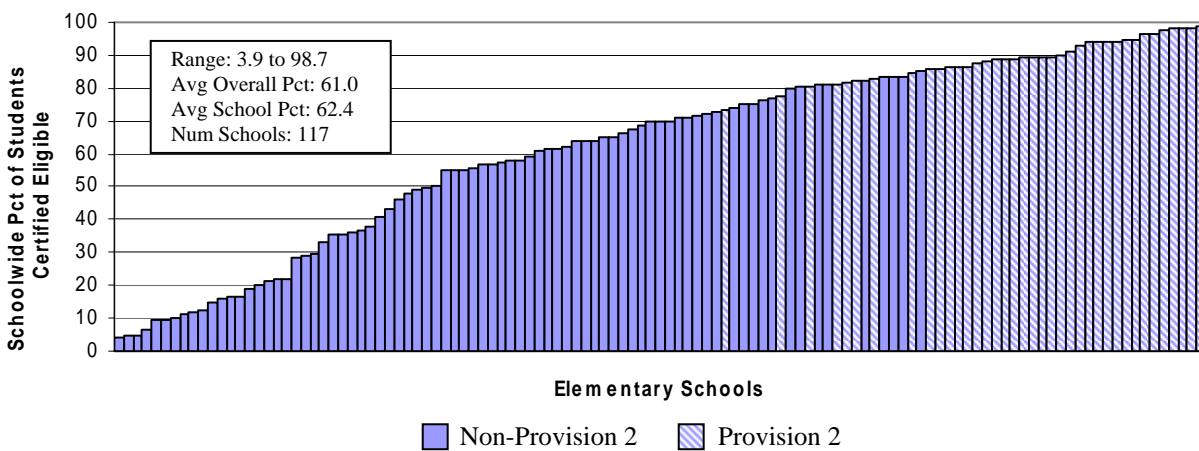


Figure 9. Schoolwide percentage of students certified eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals, 2010 elementary schools

⁸ Some of the increased school counts in recent years stem from the inclusion of high schools which are configured as smaller, specialized campuses and were once part of larger, single high schools (i.e. Crawford and San Diego campuses).

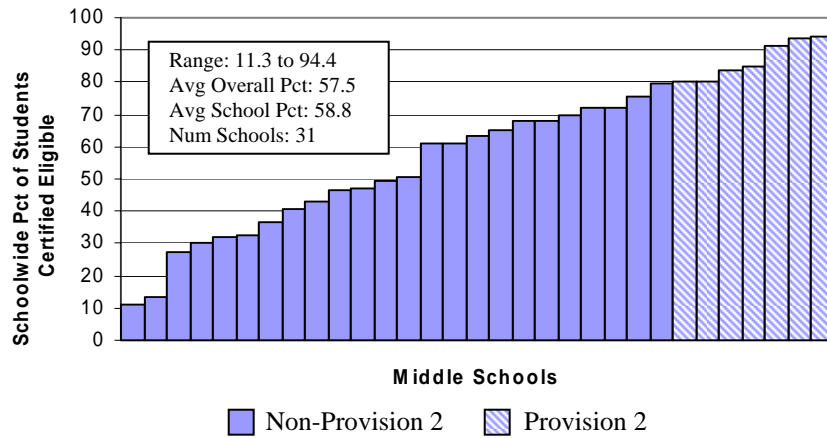


Figure 10. Schoolwide percentage of students certified eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals, 2010 middle schools

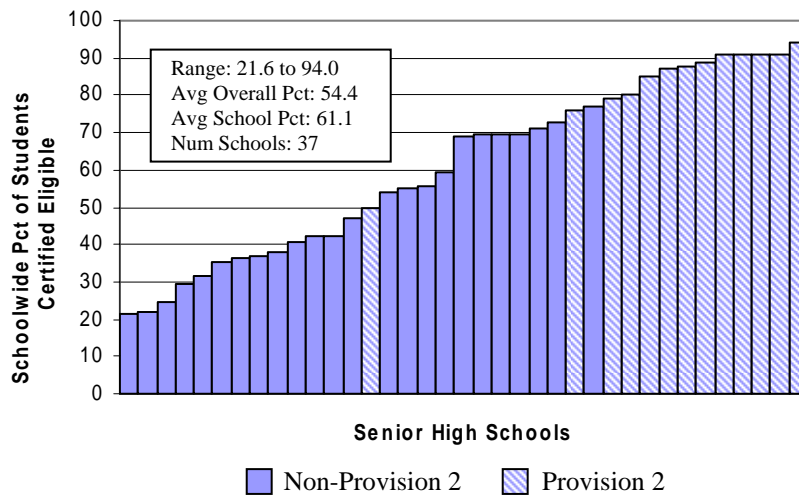


Figure 11. Schoolwide percentage of students certified eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals, 2010 senior high schools

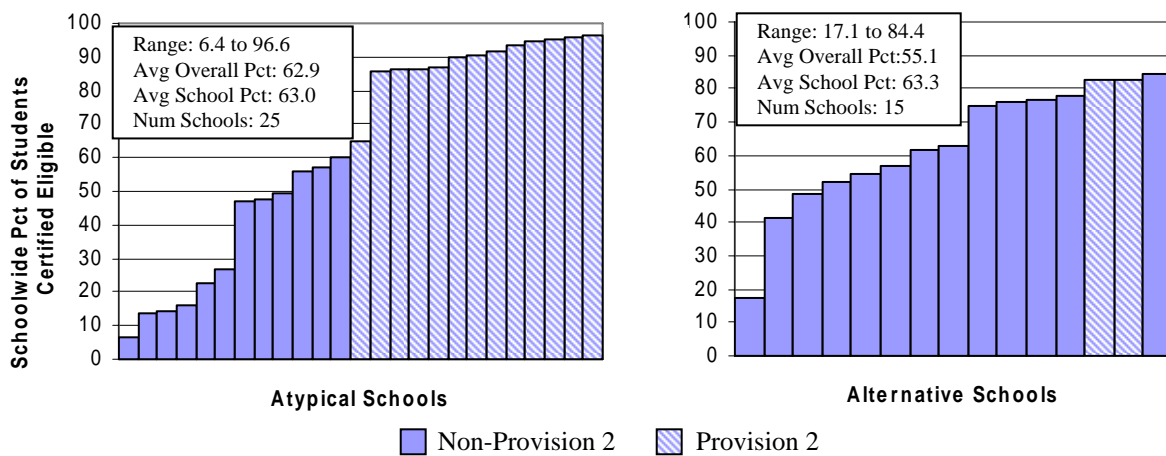


Figure 12. Schoolwide percentage of students certified eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals, 2010 atypical and alternative schools

Figure 13 displays historical percentages of students certified eligible within the district using the two methods: 1) the original method of counting the entire student enrollment at Provision 2 schools as certified eligible and 2) the adjusted method counting a percentage of the student enrollment at Provision 2 schools, calculated by applying the base-year percentages for each school. The net difference between the two methods was smallest during the initial years, when there were very few Provision 2 schools in the district, and increased as the years progressed. Historical patterns of change for the two methods used in this report were similar, and both methods show an increase in students with financial need in the last half decade. The true percentage of students certified eligible likely falls somewhere in between the two percentages; however, it should be noted that Food Services staff cite continued concerns about potential undercounts of students who do not submit applications yet might be eligible for the program at non-Provision 2 schools.

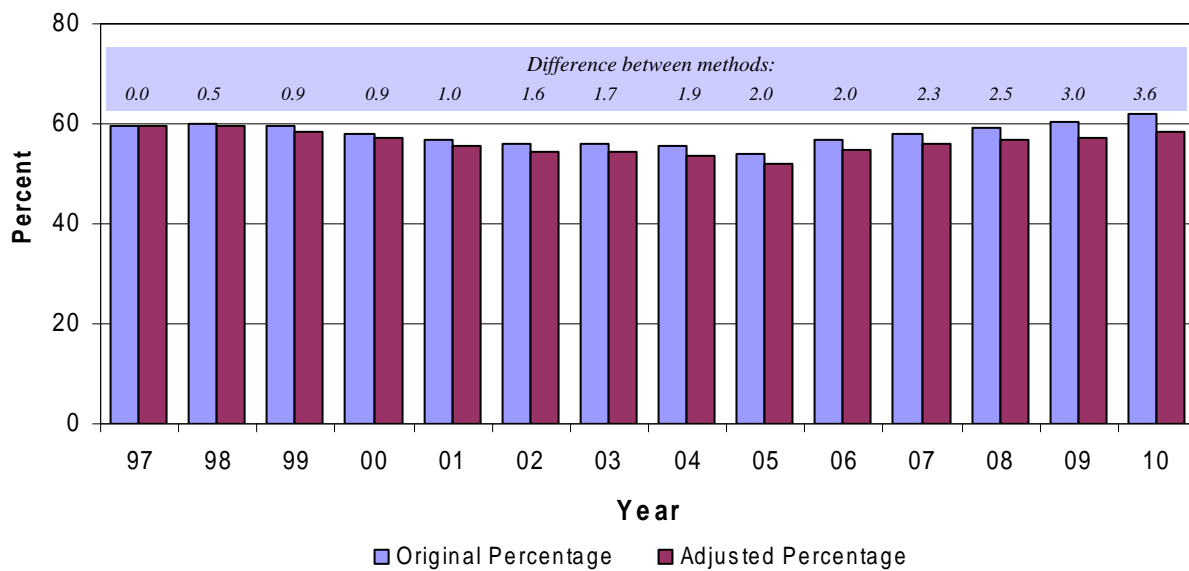


Figure 13. Percentage of students certified eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals using two methods for Provision 2 schools, 1997–2010

These data underscore the difficulty of obtaining an accurate picture of the economic status of students, particularly given that individual student applications are not collected beyond the base year at Provision 2 schools. Actual percentages at Provision 2 schools may vary from year to year to an unknown degree. These variations and limitations require a degree of caution when investigating various demographics of certified eligible students. Although the overall patterns within demographics are likely to be meaningful, characteristics of schools themselves (e.g., grade levels served, race/ethnicity, language proficiency) may skew results when viewed by these categories, particularly as more—and larger—schools become Provision 2. It should also be noted that relationships between meal status and demographics are correlational in nature and do not imply causality, and that many students from low-income backgrounds and with other associated risk factors can and do succeed in school.

Charter Schools. A number of charter schools operate within the boundaries of SDUSD. These students comprise roughly 11.5 percent of the students enrolled in May 2010. Figure 14 displays

the percentage of students certified eligible for both charter and district-managed schools by school type. Charter schools as a whole have a smaller proportion of meal-eligible students (55.0 percent) than district-managed schools (63.2 percent). This holds true across school type, with the exception of middle schools, where the proportions are roughly equal.

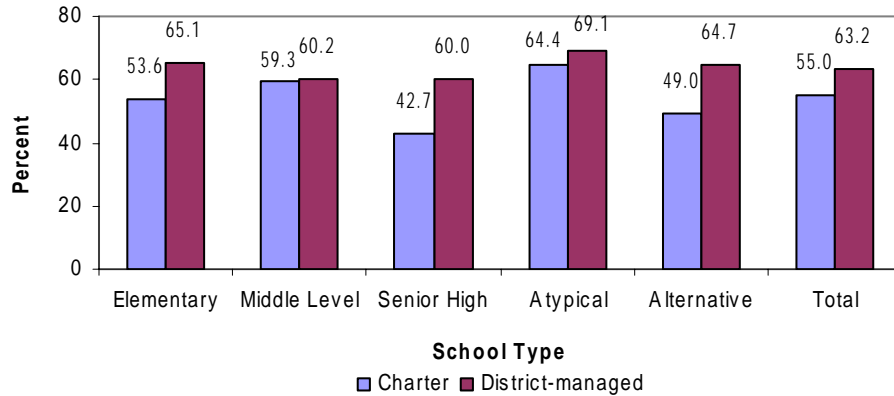


Figure 14. Percentage of students certified eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals by school type for charter and district-managed schools, 2010

Figure 15 displays the same information by student grade level. Among district-managed schools, earlier grade levels have the highest proportion of students certified eligible (64 to 66 percent). The proportion gradually begins to decline in Grade 6, winding down at 55 percent in Grade 12. Charter schools, on the other hand, have more of a bell-shaped distribution. The lowest proportion of students certified eligible fall in the grades at either end (43 percent in Grades K–1, roughly 46 percent in Grades 11–12); Grades 7 and 8 have the highest proportion (64 and 66 percent) and are the only grade levels to surpass their district-managed counterparts by a very small margin. The difference between charter and district-managed schools is most pronounced in Kindergarten and Grade 1, where the gap exceeds 21 percentage points.

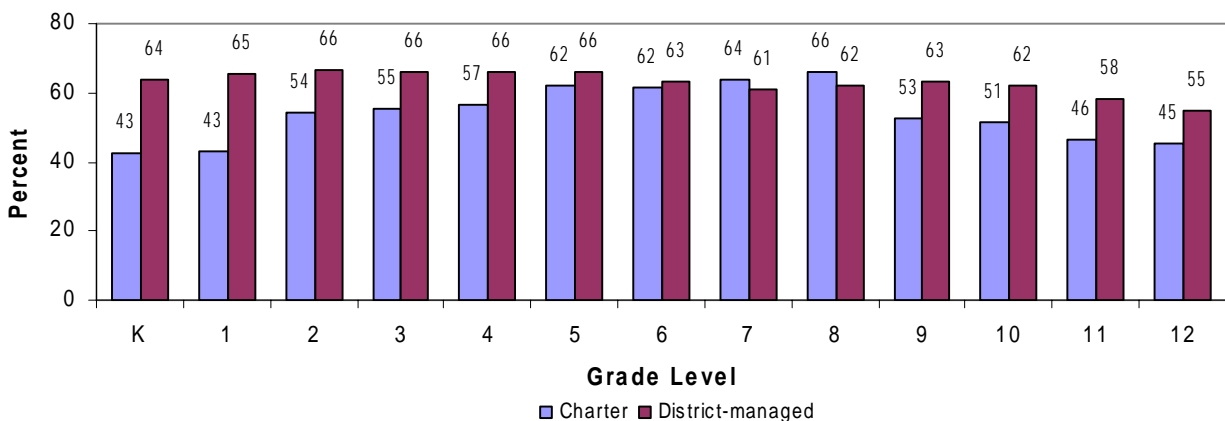


Figure 15. Percentage of students certified eligible to receive free or reduced-price meals by grade level for charter and district-managed schools, 2010

The distribution patterns at the middle school grades are somewhat surprising, and suggest that middle grade charter school students may be more representative of district students than elementary or high school students, at least in terms of socioeconomic status. This may partly be so because middle school students are more likely to attend a charter school than are elementary or high school students: 14.5 percent of middle school students attend charter schools compared to roughly 5 and 7 percent, respectively, for elementary and high schools. However, because charter schools have atypical grade configurations (pairing middle school grade levels with either elementary or, more commonly, high school grade levels), examining results by school type might be somewhat misleading. When split into typical grade configurations independent of school type, Grades 6–8 maintain the highest percentage of charter school students with 17.6 percent, Grades K–5 the least with 6.7 percent, and Grades 9–12 fall in between with 14.2 percent attending charter schools.

These data, again, reveal the difficulty in obtaining a singular picture of students with financial need, and also underscore the need for discretion when comparing outcomes for student groups across the district.

Report prepared by Lorri Frangkiser.

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- 2.e.** Alternative schools, alphabetical
- 3.a.** Elementary schools, rank order
- 3.b.** Middle level schools, rank order
- 3.c.** Senior high schools, rank order
- 3.d.** Atypical schools, rank order
- 3.e.** Alternative schools, rank order

Table 1

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals,
 May 1984 through May 2010
 District Summaries*

Year	School Type	Enrollment	Students Certified Eligible	
			Number	Percent
2009-10	Elementary	55,716	35,984	64.6
	Middle/Junior High	23,650	14,216	60.1
	Senior High	32,972	19,375	58.8
	Atypical	12,075	8,169	67.7
	Alternative	4,791	2,659	55.5
	TOTAL	129,204	80,403	62.2
2008-09	Elementary	55,945	35,407	63.3
	Middle/Junior High	24,437	14,584	59.7
	Senior High	32,783	17,883	54.5
	Atypical	11,440	7,547	66.0
	Alternative	4,742	2,591	54.6
	TOTAL	129,347	78,012	60.3
2007-08	Elementary	58,691	37,689	64.2
	Middle/Junior High	25,163	14,912	59.3
	Senior High	32,656	16,514	50.6
	Atypical	7,912	4,639	58.6
	Alternative	4,932	2,713	55.0
	TOTAL	129,354	76,467	59.1
2006-07	Elementary	60,718	38,513	63.4
	Middle/Junior High	25,726	15,367	59.7
	Senior High	30,929	14,773	47.8
	Atypical	6,550	3,701	56.5
	Alternative	4,520	2,289	50.6
	TOTAL	128,443	74,643	58.1
2005-06	Elementary	62,190	39,149	63.0
	Middle/Junior High	26,116	15,440	59.1
	Senior High	30,767	13,469	43.8
	Atypical	5,982	3,141	52.5
	Alternative	4,391	2,208	50.3
	TOTAL	129,446	73,407	56.7
2004-05	Elementary	64,598	38,804	60.1
	Middle/Junior High	25,725	14,326	55.7
	Senior High	30,201	12,011	39.8
	Atypical	6,959	4,051	58.2
	Alternative	4,060	1,843	45.4
	TOTAL	131,543	71,035	54.0
2003-04	Elementary	67,567	43,385	64.2
	Middle/Junior High	25,421	14,063	55.3
	Senior High	29,011	9,867	34.0
	Atypical	8,072	5,039	62.4
	Alternative	3,417	1,777	52.0
	TOTAL	133,488	74,131	55.5

Table 1

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals,
May 1984 through May 2010
District Summaries*

Year	School Type	Enrollment	Students Certified Eligible	
			Number	Percent
2002-03	Elementary	70,291	44,846	63.8
	Middle/Junior High	25,772	14,202	55.1
	Senior High	28,393	10,344	36.4
	Atypical	8,270	5,164	62.4
	Alternative	3,589	1,946	54.2
	TOTAL	136,315	76,502	56.1
2001-02	Elementary	72,830	46,527	63.9
	Middle/Junior High	24,979	13,560	54.3
	Senior High	28,116	10,250	36.5
	Atypical	8,091	4,944	61.1
	Alternative	3,574	1,906	53.3
	TOTAL	137,590	77,187	56.1
2000-01	Elementary	73,908	47,044	63.7
	Middle/Junior High	24,811	13,634	55.0
	Senior High	27,519	10,857	39.5
	Atypical	7,505	4,559	60.7
	Alternative	3,793	2,035	53.7
	TOTAL	137,536	78,129	56.8
1999-00	Elementary	76,688	49,605	64.7
	Middle/Junior High	24,362	13,734	56.4
	Senior High	27,280	11,411	41.8
	Atypical	7,113	4,217	59.3
	Alternative	4,292	2,280	53.1
	TOTAL	139,735	81,247	58.1
1998-99	Elementary	74,079	49,011	66.2
	Middle/Junior High	24,883	14,613	58.7
	Senior High	26,826	11,770	43.9
	Atypical	5,242	2,583	49.3
	Alternative	4,223	2,444	57.9
	TOTAL	135,253	80,421	59.5
1997-98	Elementary	73,042	48,242	66.0
	Middle/Junior High	24,001	14,390	60.0
	Senior High	26,125	11,653	44.6
	Atypical	4,601	2,486	54.0
	Alternative	4,113	2,274	55.3
	TOTAL	131,882	79,045	59.9

Table 1

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals,
 May 1984 through May 2010
 District Summaries*

Year	School Type	Enrollment	Students Certified Eligible	
			Number	Percent
1996-97	Elementary	72,743	48,246	66.3
	Middle/Junior High	23,880	14,024	58.7
	Senior High	25,456	10,940	43.0
	Atypical	4,019	2,009	50.0
	Alternative	3,619	2,085	57.6
	TOTAL	129,717	77,304	59.6
1996-97	Elementary	72,806	48,160	66.1
	Middle/Junior High	22,934	13,787	60.1
	Senior High	24,240	10,060	41.5
	Atypical	4,044	2,050	50.7
	Alternative	3,214	1,906	59.3
	TOTAL	127,238	75,963	59.7
1995-96	Elementary	72,806	48,160	66.1
	Middle/Junior High	22,934	13,787	60.1
	Senior High	24,240	10,060	41.5
	Atypical	4,044	2,050	50.7
	Alternative	3,214	1,906	59.3
	TOTAL	127,238	75,963	59.7
1994-95	Elementary	72,728	46,215	63.5
	Middle/Junior High	22,515	12,834	57.0
	Senior High	23,452	8,364	35.7
	Atypical	3,223	1,583	49.1
	Alternative	3,007	1,574	52.3
	TOTAL	124,925	70,570	56.5
1993-94	Elementary	72,001	44,738	62.1
	Middle/Junior High	22,203	12,009	54.1
	Senior High	23,109	7,413	32.1
	Atypical	5,793	2,532	43.7
	TOTAL	123,106	66,692	54.2
1992-93	Elementary	72,086	43,188	59.9
	Middle/Junior High	22,170	11,281	50.9
	Senior High	22,543	6,632	29.4
	Atypical	5,034	2,111	41.9
	TOTAL	121,833	63,212	51.9

Table 1

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals,
 May 1984 through May 2010
 District Summaries*

Year	School Type	Enrollment	Students Certified Eligible	
			Number	Percent
1991-92	Elementary	70,997	41,165	58.0
	Middle/Junior High	21,843	10,695	49.0
	Senior High	22,930	6,805	29.7
	Atypical	4,846	2,038	42.1
	TOTAL	120,616	60,703	50.3
1990-91	Elementary	70,161	37,841	53.9
	Middle/Junior High	20,719	9,160	44.2
	Senior High	22,783	4,783	21.0
	Atypical	5,086	1,836	36.1
	TOTAL	118,749	53,620	45.2
1989-90	Elementary	68,858	36,434	52.9
	Middle/Junior High	20,547	8,618	41.9
	Senior High	22,196	4,507	20.3
	Atypical	5,104	1,859	36.4
	TOTAL	116,705	51,418	44.1
1988-89	Elementary	66,773	34,778	52.1
	Middle/Junior High	20,256	8,079	39.9
	Senior High	22,604	4,370	19.3
	Atypical	5,166	1,790	34.6
	TOTAL	114,799	49,017	42.7
1987-88	Elementary	63,984	32,761	51.2
	Middle/Junior High	20,242	8,193	40.5
	Senior High	23,588	4,681	19.8
	Atypical	5,035	1,925	38.2
	TOTAL	112,849	47,560	42.1
1986-87	Elementary	63,711	31,902	50.1
	Middle/Junior High	19,371	8,050	41.6
	Senior High	25,236	5,119	20.3
	Atypical	4,526	1,505	33.3
	TOTAL	112,844	46,576	41.3
1985-86	Elementary	62,115	30,671	49.4
	Middle/Junior High	19,286	7,683	39.8
	Senior High	25,693	5,093	19.8
	Atypical	4,367	1,373	31.4
	TOTAL	111,461	44,820	40.2

Table 1

**Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals,
May 1984 through May 2010
District Summaries***

Year	School Type	Enrollment	Students Certified Eligible	
			Number	Percent
1984-85	Elementary	60,317	30,320	50.3
	Middle/Junior High	20,864	7,748	37.1
	Senior High	24,563	4,661	19.0
	Atypical	4,136	1,282	31.0
	TOTAL	109,880	44,011	40.1
1983-84	Elementary	58,714	29,664	50.5
	Middle/Junior High	20,908	7,617	36.4
	Senior High	23,933	4,683	19.6
	Atypical	3,748	1,172	31.3
	TOTAL	107,303	43,136	40.2

* Data in some years may have been revised to better reflect a school's initial base-year determination and the appropriate school type at the time.

Table 2.a.

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Elementary Schools
(Alphabetical Listing)

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 117)	May '09 Rank (Among 119)
		Number	Percent		
Adams	326	326	100.0	1	1
Alcott	254	148	58.3	74	82
Angier	423	295	69.7	60	55
Baker	407	407	100.0	1	1
Balboa	601	601	100.0	1	1
Barnard	235	143	60.9	72	57
Bay Park	478	173	36.2	92	95
Bayview Terrace	228	228	100.0	1	36
Benchley/Weinberger	521	110	21.1	101	104
Bird Rock	488	33	6.8	114	116
Birney	404	263	65.1	64	65
Boone	598	480	80.3	46	47
Burbank	376	376	100.0	1	1
Cabrillo	188	136	72.3	54	64
Cadman	162	122	75.3	50	48
Carson	523	523	100.0	1	1
Central	711	711	100.0	1	1
Chavez	645	645	100.0	1	1
Cherokee Point	486	486	100.0	1	1
Chesterton	510	295	57.8	75	75
Chollas/Mead	801	801	100.0	1	1
Clay	271	226	83.4	41	35
Crown Point	219	153	69.9	59	62
Cubberley	243	156	64.2	66	74
Curie	579	65	11.2	110	112
Dailard	550	121	22.0	99	101
Dana	813	374	46.0	87	87
Darnall	534	303	56.7	77	56
Dewey	425	328	77.2	48	54
Dingeman	788	35	4.4	116	118
Doyle	707	204	28.9	97	99
Edison	608	608	100.0	1	1
Einstein Academy	452	76	16.8	104	102
Emerson/Bandini	690	690	100.0	1	1
Encanto	616	616	100.0	1	1
Ericson	723	274	37.9	90	92
Euclid	650	650	100.0	1	1
Explorer Charter	340	34	10.0	111	115
Fay	682	682	100.0	1	1
Field	291	243	83.5	40	45
Fletcher	274	136	49.6	84	80
Florence	317	218	68.8	61	52
Foster	402	221	55.0	82	84
Franklin	245	245	100.0	1	1
Freese	472	472	100.0	1	39

Table 2.a.

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Elementary Schools
(Alphabetical Listing)

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 117)	May '09 Rank (Among 119)
		Number	Percent		
Gage	433	207	47.8	86	88
Garfield	396	396	100.0	1	40
Green	468	138	29.5	96	97
Hage	749	249	33.2	95	96
Hamilton	629	629	100.0	1	1
Hancock	764	555	72.6	53	61
Hardy	371	210	56.6	78	78
Hawthorne	343	261	76.1	49	66
Hearst	484	92	19.0	103	103
Hickman	655	284	43.4	88	90
Holmes	493	100	20.3	102	106
Horton	526	526	100.0	1	1
Ibarra	560	560	100.0	1	1
Jefferson	370	370	100.0	1	41
Jerabek	734	34	4.6	115	117
Johnson	512	512	100.0	1	1
Jones	342	189	55.3	80	83
Joyner	639	639	100.0	1	1
Juarez	264	189	71.6	55	63
Kimbrough	571	571	100.0	1	1
King-Chavez Arts	153	153	100.0	1	1
King-Chavez Athletics	153	153	100.0	1	1
King-Chavez Primary	342	342	100.0	1	1
Kumeyaay	478	76	15.9	106	108
La Jolla	604	56	9.3	113	114
Lafayette	313	207	66.1	63	72
Lee	440	330	75.0	51	51
Linda Vista	506	506	100.0	1	1
Lindbergh/Schweitzer	589	377	64.0	67	71
Loma Portal	396	146	36.9	91	94
Marshall	542	542	100.0	1	1
Marvin	350	124	35.4	94	91
Mason	804	446	55.5	79	81
McGill Academy	129	129	100.0	1	1
McKinley	396	253	63.9	68	59
Miller	776	482	62.1	69	67
Miramar Ranch	719	70	9.7	112	113
Museum	159	19	11.9	109	111
Normal Heights	308	308	100.0	1	1
Nubia	305	168	55.1	81	73
Nye	586	417	71.2	56	58
Oak Park	727	599	82.4	43	43
Ocean Beach	344	211	61.3	71	79
Pacific Beach	340	167	49.1	85	85
Paradise Hills	328	266	81.1	44	44

Table 2.a.

**Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Elementary Schools
(Alphabetical Listing)**

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 117)	May '09 Rank (Among 119)
		Number	Percent		
Parks	888	888	100.0	1	1
Penn	461	328	71.1	57	60
Perry	382	283	74.1	52	50
Porter	756	756	100.0	1	1
Rodriguez	534	534	100.0	1	1
Rolando Park	209	174	83.3	42	49
Ross	370	300	81.1	45	46
Rowan	271	271	100.0	1	38
Sandburg	700	250	35.7	93	93
Scripps	614	24	3.9	117	119
Sequoia	246	160	65.0	65	69
Sessions	402	87	21.6	100	100
Sherman	464	464	100.0	1	1
Silver Gate	498	82	16.5	105	105
Spreckels	803	326	40.6	89	89
Sunset View	430	64	14.9	107	110
Tierrasanta	526	148	28.1	98	98
Toler	290	167	57.6	76	76
Torrey Pines	418	52	12.4	108	109
Valencia Park	536	456	85.1	39	37
Vista Grande	390	197	50.5	83	86
Walker	549	338	61.6	70	77
Washington	275	220	80.0	47	42
Webster	452	452	100.0	1	1
Wegeforth	263	156	59.3	73	70
Whitman	333	233	70.0	58	53
Zamorano	1,310	884	67.5	62	68

Table 2.b.

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Middle Schools
(Alphabetical Listing)

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 31)	May '09 Rank (Among 32)
		Number	Percent		
Bell	1,102	751	68.1	13	13
Challenger	1,076	507	47.1	21	22
Clark	1,170	1,170	100.0	1	1
Correia	834	389	46.6	22	21
CPMA	953	647	67.9	14	19
De Portola	1,009	432	42.8	23	24
Einstein Middle Academy	261	85	32.6	26	25
Farb	709	535	75.5	9	10
Gompers	562	562	100.0	1	1
High Tech	331	106	32.0	27	30
High Tech Mid Med Arts	335	101	30.1	28	29
Innovation	498	304	61.0	18	16
Keiller	460	282	61.3	17	18
King-Chavez Preparatory	348	348	100.0	1	1
Lewis	1,081	545	50.4	19	20
Magnolia Science	320	36	11.3	31	31
Mann	893	893	100.0	1	1
Marshall	1,504	201	13.4	30	32
Marston	881	614	69.7	12	17
Memorial Preparatory	619	619	100.0	1	1
Millennial Tech	420	302	71.9	11	11
Montgomery	495	495	100.0	1	1
Muirlands	1,042	285	27.4	29	28
O'Farrell	802	509	63.5	16	15
Pacific Beach	668	434	65.0	15	14
Pershing	873	353	40.4	24	26
Roosevelt	792	633	79.9	8	9
Standley	1,219	445	36.5	25	27
Taft	600	432	72.0	10	12
Wangenheim	1,164	572	49.1	20	23
Wilson	629	629	100.0	1	1

Table 2.c.

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Senior High Schools
(Alphabetical Listing)

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 37)	May '09 Rank (Among 34)
		Number	Percent		
Arroyo Paseo	142	77	54.2	24	16
Clairemont	1,342	745	55.5	22	22
Crawford CHAMPS	350	350	100.0	1	1
Crawford IDEA	305	305	100.0	1	1
Crawford Law & Business	295	295	100.0	1	1
Crawford Multimedia & VA	351	351	100.0	1	1
Gompers Preparatory	243	243	100.0	1	*
Health Sciences	447	181	40.5	28	26
Henry	2,358	870	36.9	30	30
High Tech	542	159	29.3	34	33
High Tech International	380	120	31.6	33	32
High Tech Media Arts	387	136	35.1	32	31
Hoover	1,955	1,955	100.0	1	1
iHigh Virtual Academy	57	14	24.6	35	*
Kearny Construction Tech	434	309	71.2	16	18
Kearny Digital Media	425	296	69.6	17	14
Kearny Intl Business	392	286	73.0	15	13
Kearny Sci Connect Tech	450	313	69.6	18	15
King/Chavez High	196	83	42.3	27	*
La Jolla	1,550	340	21.9	36	34
Lincoln	1,996	1,996	100.0	1	1
Madison	1,176	812	69.0	20	19
Mira Mesa	2,563	974	38.0	29	29
Mission Bay	1,538	1,066	69.3	19	17
Morse	2,122	1,254	59.1	21	20
Point Loma	1,992	846	42.5	26	27
Scripps Ranch	2,351	508	21.6	37	35
SD Business	426	426	100.0	1	11
SD CIMA	305	305	100.0	1	7
SD Early/Middle College	83	64	77.1	13	12
SD International Studies	530	530	100.0	1	25
SD LEADS	429	429	100.0	1	9
SD Media Vis Prf Arts	451	451	100.0	1	8
SD Met Career Technical	193	91	47.2	25	21
SD Science & Technology	475	475	100.0	1	10
Serra	1,942	1,069	55.0	23	23
University City	1,799	651	36.2	31	28

* School was new in 2009–10.

Table 2.d.

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Atypical Schools
(Alphabetical Listing)

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 25)	May '09 Rank (Among 24)
		Number	Percent		
Audubon	554	554	100.0	1	1
Bethune	653	375	57.4	15	16
Carver	280	280	100.0	1	1
Fulton	445	445	100.0	1	12
Golden Hill	521	521	100.0	1	1
Grant	616	138	22.4	21	20
Holly Drive	152	152	100.0	1	1
Iftin Charter	242	242	100.0	1	13
Innovations Academy	197	53	26.9	20	22
King-Chavez	299	299	100.0	1	1
KIPP Adelante	347	347	100.0	1	1
Knox	673	673	100.0	1	1
Language Academy	861	424	49.2	17	17
Learning Choice Academy	611	39	6.4	25	24
Logan	618	618	100.0	1	1
Longfellow	675	316	46.8	19	19
Mt. Everest	199	27	13.6	24	23
Muir	362	218	60.2	14	15
Perkins	540	540	100.0	1	1
Preuss School UCSD	808	808	100.0	1	1
Promise	194	194	100.0	1	1
S.C.P.A.	1,397	668	47.8	18	18
San Diego Cooperative	375	60	16.0	22	21
Tubman Village Charter	269	151	56.1	16	14
Urban Discovery*	187	27	14.4	23	*

* Changed school type from elementary in 2008–09 to atypical in 2009–10.

Table 2.e.

**Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Alternative Schools
(Alphabetical Listing)**

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 15)	May '09 Rank (Among 13)
		Number	Percent		
A.L.B.A.	82	64	78.0	4	4
Audeo Charter	569	295	51.8	12	8
Charter School of SD	2,230	1,076	48.3	13	10
Del Sol	39	24	61.5	9	9
Garfield	432	328	75.9	6	6
Home and Hospital Instr	70	12	17.1	15	12
LCI Instruction	90	49	54.4	11	5
Marcy Day Treatment	59	44	74.6	7	*
New Dawn Day Treatment	42	42	100.0	1	1
Riley	69	69	100.0	1	1
TRACE	530	219	41.3	14	11
TRACE Seniors	32	27	84.4	3	13
Twain	500	382	76.4	5	7
Unified Day Treatment	28	16	57.1	10	*
Whittier	19	12	63.2	8	3

* School was new in 2009-10.

Table 3.a.

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Elementary Schools
(Rank Order Listing)

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 117)	May '09 Rank (Among 119)
		Number	Percent		
Adams	326	326	100.0	1	1
Baker	407	407	100.0	1	1
Balboa	601	601	100.0	1	1
Bayview Terrace	228	228	100.0	1	36
Burbank	376	376	100.0	1	1
Carson	523	523	100.0	1	1
Central	711	711	100.0	1	1
Chavez	645	645	100.0	1	1
Cherokee Point	486	486	100.0	1	1
Chollas/Mead	801	801	100.0	1	1
Edison	608	608	100.0	1	1
Emerson/Bandini	690	690	100.0	1	1
Encanto	616	616	100.0	1	1
Euclid	650	650	100.0	1	1
Fay	682	682	100.0	1	1
Franklin	245	245	100.0	1	1
Freese	472	472	100.0	1	39
Garfield	396	396	100.0	1	40
Hamilton	629	629	100.0	1	1
Horton	526	526	100.0	1	1
Ibarra	560	560	100.0	1	1
Jefferson	370	370	100.0	1	41
Johnson	512	512	100.0	1	1
Joyner	639	639	100.0	1	1
Kimbrough	571	571	100.0	1	1
King-Chavez Arts	153	153	100.0	1	1
King-Chavez Athletics	153	153	100.0	1	1
King-Chavez Primary	342	342	100.0	1	1
Linda Vista	506	506	100.0	1	1
Marshall	542	542	100.0	1	1
McGill Academy	129	129	100.0	1	1
Normal Heights	308	308	100.0	1	1
Parks	888	888	100.0	1	1
Porter	756	756	100.0	1	1
Rodriguez	534	534	100.0	1	1
Rowan	271	271	100.0	1	38
Sherman	464	464	100.0	1	1
Webster	452	452	100.0	1	1
Valencia Park	536	456	85.1	39	37
Field	291	243	83.5	40	45
Clay	271	226	83.4	41	35
Rolando Park	209	174	83.3	42	49
Oak Park	727	599	82.4	43	43
Paradise Hills	328	266	81.1	44	44
Ross	370	300	81.1	45	46

Table 3.a.

**Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Elementary Schools
(Rank Order Listing)**

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 117)	May '09 Rank (Among 119)
		Number	Percent		
Boone	598	480	80.3	46	47
Washington	275	220	80.0	47	42
Dewey	425	328	77.2	48	54
Hawthorne	343	261	76.1	49	66
Cadman	162	122	75.3	50	48
Lee	440	330	75.0	51	51
Perry	382	283	74.1	52	50
Hancock	764	555	72.6	53	61
Cabrillo	188	136	72.3	54	64
Juarez	264	189	71.6	55	63
Nye	586	417	71.2	56	58
Penn	461	328	71.1	57	60
Whitman	333	233	70.0	58	53
Crown Point	219	153	69.9	59	62
Angier	423	295	69.7	60	55
Florence	317	218	68.8	61	52
Zamorano	1,310	884	67.5	62	68
Lafayette	313	207	66.1	63	72
Birney	404	263	65.1	64	65
Sequoia	246	160	65.0	65	69
Cubberley	243	156	64.2	66	74
Lindbergh/Schweitzer	589	377	64.0	67	71
McKinley	396	253	63.9	68	59
Miller	776	482	62.1	69	67
Walker	549	338	61.6	70	77
Ocean Beach	344	211	61.3	71	79
Barnard	235	143	60.9	72	57
Wegeforth	263	156	59.3	73	70
Alcott	254	148	58.3	74	82
Chesterton	510	295	57.8	75	75
Toler	290	167	57.6	76	76
Darnall	534	303	56.7	77	56
Hardy	371	210	56.6	78	78
Mason	804	446	55.5	79	81
Jones	342	189	55.3	80	83
Nubia	305	168	55.1	81	73
Foster	402	221	55.0	82	84
Vista Grande	390	197	50.5	83	86
Fletcher	274	136	49.6	84	80
Pacific Beach	340	167	49.1	85	85
Gage	433	207	47.8	86	88
Dana	813	374	46.0	87	87
Hickman	655	284	43.4	88	90
Spreckels	803	326	40.6	89	89
Ericson	723	274	37.9	90	92

Table 3.a.

**Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Elementary Schools
(Rank Order Listing)**

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 117)	May '09 Rank (Among 119)
		Number	Percent		
Loma Portal	396	146	36.9	91	94
Bay Park	478	173	36.2	92	95
Sandburg	700	250	35.7	93	93
Marvin	350	124	35.4	94	91
Hage	749	249	33.2	95	96
Green	468	138	29.5	96	97
Doyle	707	204	28.9	97	99
Tierrasanta	526	148	28.1	98	98
Dailard	550	121	22.0	99	101
Sessions	402	87	21.6	100	100
Benchley/Weinberger	521	110	21.1	101	104
Holmes	493	100	20.3	102	106
Hearst	484	92	19.0	103	103
Einstein Academy	452	76	16.8	104	102
Silver Gate	498	82	16.5	105	105
Kumeyaay	478	76	15.9	106	108
Sunset View	430	64	14.9	107	110
Torrey Pines	418	52	12.4	108	109
Museum	159	19	11.9	109	111
Curie	579	65	11.2	110	112
Explorer Charter	340	34	10.0	111	115
Miramar Ranch	719	70	9.7	112	113
La Jolla	604	56	9.3	113	114
Bird Rock	488	33	6.8	114	116
Jerabek	734	34	4.6	115	117
Dingeman	788	35	4.4	116	118
Scripps	614	24	3.9	117	119

Table 3.b.

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Middle Schools
(Rank Order Listing)

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 31)	May '09 Rank (Among 32)
		Number	Percent		
Clark	1,170	1,170	100.0	1	1
Gompers	562	562	100.0	1	1
King-Chavez Preparatory	348	348	100.0	1	1
Mann	893	893	100.0	1	1
Memorial Preparatory	619	619	100.0	1	1
Montgomery	495	495	100.0	1	1
Wilson	629	629	100.0	1	1
Roosevelt	792	633	79.9	8	9
Farb	709	535	75.5	9	10
Taft	600	432	72.0	10	12
Millennial Tech	420	302	71.9	11	11
Marston	881	614	69.7	12	17
Bell	1,102	751	68.1	13	13
CPMA	953	647	67.9	14	19
Pacific Beach	668	434	65.0	15	14
O'Farrell	802	509	63.5	16	15
Keiller	460	282	61.3	17	18
Innovation	498	304	61.0	18	16
Lewis	1,081	545	50.4	19	20
Wangenheim	1,164	572	49.1	20	23
Challenger	1,076	507	47.1	21	22
Correia	834	389	46.6	22	21
De Portola	1,009	432	42.8	23	24
Pershing	873	353	40.4	24	26
Standley	1,219	445	36.5	25	27
Einstein Middle Academy	261	85	32.6	26	25
High Tech	331	106	32.0	27	30
High Tech Mid Med Arts	335	101	30.1	28	29
Muirlands	1,042	285	27.4	29	28
Marshall	1,504	201	13.4	30	32
Magnolia Science	320	36	11.3	31	31

Table 3.c.

Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Senior High Schools
(Rank Order Listing)

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 37)	May '09 Rank (Among 35)
		Number	Percent		
Crawford CHAMPS	350	350	100.0	1	1
Crawford IDEA	305	305	100.0	1	1
Crawford Law & Business	295	295	100.0	1	1
Crawford Multimedia & VA	351	351	100.0	1	1
Gompers Preparatory	243	243	100.0	1	*
Hoover	1,955	1,955	100.0	1	1
Lincoln	1,996	1,996	100.0	1	1
SD Business	426	426	100.0	1	11
SD CIMA	305	305	100.0	1	7
SD International Studies	530	530	100.0	1	25
SD LEADS	429	429	100.0	1	9
SD Media Vis Prf Arts	451	451	100.0	1	8
SD Science & Technology	475	475	100.0	1	10
SD Early/Middle College	83	64	77.1	14	12
Kearny Intl Business	392	286	73.0	15	13
Kearny Construction Tech	434	309	71.2	16	18
Kearny Digital Media	425	296	69.6	17	14
Kearny Sci Connect Tech	450	313	69.6	18	15
Mission Bay	1,538	1,066	69.3	19	17
Madison	1,176	812	69.0	20	19
Morse	2,122	1,254	59.1	21	20
Clairemont	1,342	745	55.5	22	22
Serra	1,942	1,069	55.0	23	23
Arroyo Paseo	142	77	54.2	24	16
SD Met Career Technical	193	91	47.2	25	21
Point Loma	1,992	846	42.5	26	27
King/Chavez High	196	83	42.3	27	*
Health Sciences	447	181	40.5	28	26
Mira Mesa	2,563	974	38.0	29	29
Henry	2,358	870	36.9	30	30
University City	1,799	651	36.2	31	28
High Tech Media Arts	387	136	35.1	32	31
High Tech International	380	120	31.6	33	32
High Tech	542	159	29.3	34	33
iHigh Virtual Academy	57	14	24.6	35	*
La Jolla	1,550	340	21.9	36	34
Scripps Ranch	2,351	508	21.6	37	35

* School was new in 2009-10.

Table 3.d.

**Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Atypical Schools
(Rank Order Listing)**

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 25)	May '09 Rank (Among 24)
		Number	Percent		
Audubon	554	554	100.0	1	1
Carver	280	280	100.0	1	1
Fulton	445	445	100.0	1	12
Golden Hill	521	521	100.0	1	1
Holly Drive	152	152	100.0	1	1
Iftin Charter	242	242	100.0	1	13
King-Chavez	299	299	100.0	1	1
KIPP Adelante	347	347	100.0	1	1
Knox	673	673	100.0	1	1
Logan	618	618	100.0	1	1
Perkins	540	540	100.0	1	1
Preuss School UCSD	808	808	100.0	1	1
Promise	194	194	100.0	1	1
Muir	362	218	60.2	14	15
Bethune	653	375	57.4	15	16
Tubman Village Charter	269	151	56.1	16	14
Language Academy	861	424	49.2	17	17
S.C.P.A.	1,397	668	47.8	18	18
Longfellow	675	316	46.8	19	19
Innovations Academy	197	53	26.9	20	22
Grant	616	138	22.4	21	20
San Diego Cooperative	375	60	16.0	22	21
Urban Discovery*	187	27	14.4	23	*
Mt. Everest	199	27	13.6	24	23
Learning Choice Academy	611	39	6.4	25	24

* Changed school type from elementary in 2008–09 to atypical in 2009–10.

Table 3.e.

**Students Certified Eligible for Free or Reduced-Price Meals, May 2010
Alternative Schools
(Rank Order Listing)**

School	May 2010 Enrollment	Students Certified		May '10 Rank (Among 15)	May '09 Rank (Among 13)
		Number	Percent		
New Dawn Day Treatment	42	42	100.0	1	1
Riley	69	69	100.0	1	1
TRACE Seniors	32	27	84.4	3	13
A.L.B.A.	82	64	78.0	4	4
Twain	500	382	76.4	5	7
Garfield	432	328	75.9	6	6
Marcy Day Treatment	59	44	74.6	7	*
Whittier	19	12	63.2	8	3
Del Sol	39	24	61.5	9	9
Unified Day Treatment	28	16	57.1	10	*
LCI Instruction	90	49	54.4	11	5
Audeo Charter	569	295	51.8	12	8
Charter School of SD	2230	1076	48.3	13	10
TRACE	530	219	41.3	14	11
Home and Hospital Instr	70	12	17.1	15	12

* School was new in 2009–10.